





DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

JOHN S. SAYWARD, Editor.  
FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1843.  
FOR PRESIDENT,  
HENRY CLAY,  
OF KENTUCKY.  
FOR GOVERNOR,  
EDWARD ROBINSON,  
OF THOMASTON.

PENOBSCOT SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

THE Whigs of the Penobscot Senatorial District, will assemble in Convention at Lewistown on WEDNESDAY the 16th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of selecting candidates for State Senators for said District—also to nominate a candidate for County Treasurer, Clerk of the Courts and a County Commissioner.

The towns and plantations will send the following number of Delegates, viz:—plantations, 1 Delegate each; towns having 1000 inhabitants and under, 2 delegates; over 1000 and under 2000, 4; over 2000 and under 3000, 6; over 3000 and under 4000, 10;—over 4000, 15.

Per order of County Committee.  
Bangor, July 22, 1843.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

THERE will be a Convention of the Whigs of the Congressional District composed of the counties of Penobscot and Piscataquis, on WEDNESDAY the 16th day of August next, at Lewistown at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Representative to Congress from said District; and also to choose a Delegate to attend the National Convention to be held at Baltimore in May next, to nominate candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

It is desirable that the several towns and plantations in said District should send delegates as follows, viz:—plantations, 1 delegate each; towns having 1000 inhabitants and under, 2 delegates; over 1000 and under 2000, 4; over 2000 and under 3000, 6; over 3000 and under 4000, 10; over 4000, 15.

Per order District Committee.  
July 22, 1843.

SEE FIRST PAGE.

It has been asserted and repeated with no little assurance on the part of the opponents of the Whig candidate for Governor, Edward Robinson, that while a member of the Senate of this State he "seconded and voted, for a motion to lay anti-slavery petitions on the table for ONE HUNDRED YEARS."

This was recently urged as an objection against him in an editorial article in the Gazette, of this city. We now learn from the Kennebec Journal that this charge against Mr. Robinson is false, and that no such vote was ever taken in the Senate, while Mr. Robinson was a member. The charge, probably has had its effect, as many who have read it, may not see a whig paper containing the contradiction. We trust, however, that the whigs of Maine, will not omit on every proper opportunity to correct the false charge that has been so widely and wantonly circulated. Truth, though slow, is sure, and men who have been abused and misled, by falsehood will be cautious how they place confidence in the statements of those who resort to it.

The whigs who know Mr. Robinson, have no objection, but rather desire an examination of his life, his character, his attainments, his political conduct and opinions. They show him to be worthy the confidence and support, of the people of Maine; and such a man as would confer honor and dignity upon the State.

While the whigs are willing there should be a thorough examination of the merits of their candidate, they are unwilling that the tongue of slander, should be permitted to move against him. It is a duty which every good citizen owes to himself and to the cause of good morals in the community, to frown upon all attempts to injure the reputation of candidates for public office by falsehood, and to hold those up to public scorn who will persist in doing it.

We heard a high compliment paid our city a few days since by a hard working, contented and happy man, who after living in several towns is at length permanently settled here.

"I like Bangor," said he "because there are no men in it rich enough to oppress the poor, and no man poor enough to be oppressed."

This is a beautiful picture of the state of society in our city. There is no village aristocracy here that is either acknowledged or felt beyond the family circle in which it may happen to be cherished. Of course each one is allowed to entertain undisturbed what ever notions of aristocracy he pleases. Every one has his standard for himself and which nobody else is disposed to acknowledge, the result of which is there not power to oppress, and no oppressing allowed.

This extends not only to matters of wealth but to social intercourse, to religious and political opinions. There is freedom without uproar—happily sustained by the conservatism of good sense contentment and absence of the combined power of pretention.

There is therefore less practical aristocracy felt in our city than in any of our country villages. It forms a distinguishing characteristic of Bangor which we trust she will never lose.

An important fact in Mesmerism.

The Belfast Signal states that a surgical operation was performed in that town on Saturday last, under the Mesmeric influence. A lady was thrown into the Mesmeric state by Mr. P. P. Quimby, and a Polypus extracted from her nose by Dr. Wheelock, in the presence of several citizens, and the subject is reported to have given no signs of pain. This experiment has converted many of the unbelievers into the full faith of the science.

Mr. Toney a young artist of much promise has opened rooms in this city for the purpose of painting miniatures. We have seen several favorable notices of his skill in the Belfast Signal, and regret that place has given great satisfaction by the truthfulness of his likenesses and the beautiful style of his execution.

Millerism.

We learn from the Bath Enquirer, that the subject of Millerism was introduced into the Maine Methodist Conference, assembled at Bath, by Rev. G. F. Cox, and was, after no little discussion referred to a committee who reported the following resolutions:

1. Resolved, That every minister of the M. E. Church has virtually pledged himself, and every Elder has emphatically pledged himself to God and his Church always to minister the doctrines and discipline of Christ as the Lord hath commanded.—To be ready with all faithful diligence to banish and drive away all erroneous and strange doctrines contrary to God's word.

2. Resolved, That the peculiarities of that theory relative to the second coming of Christ and the end of the world, denominated Millerism, together with all its modifications, are contrary to the standards of the Church, and we are constrained to regard them as among the erroneous and strange doctrines which we are pledged to banish and drive away.

3. Resolved, That though we appreciate the motives of those among us who have been engaged in disseminating those peculiarities, we cannot but regard their course in this respect as irreconcilably inconsistent with their ecclesiastical obligation, and as having an immediate and more particularly an ultimate disastrous tendency.

4. Resolved, That those who persist in disseminating those peculiarities, either in public or private, and especially those who have left their appropriate work for this purpose, be admonished by the Chair, and all be hereby required to refrain entirely from disseminating them in future.

5. Resolved, That Br. G. F. Cox have leave to withdraw the resolution by him offered to the Conference and referred to us.

The above report was accepted, and all the resolutions adopted by the Conference.

The Bishop proceeded to admonish those to whom the resolution pertained with a great deal of feeling and affection, yet with great plainness.

The Boston editors are becoming jocose upon the subject of the office of Post Master in that city. The editor of the Courier thinks he should have it on account of the number of letters (types) he has handled in his life time. The editor of the Mercantile Journal claims it on account of the humiliating position in which the inconsistencies of Capt Tyler placed him by compelling him to oppose an administration he had labored to support.

We select for the benefit of the women the following directions for removing fruit stains and iron mould from linen and cotton. Moisten the part stained with cold water, then hold it over the smoke of burning brimstone and the stain will disappear.

We do not wish, unnecessarily to dip into the porridge pot of our neighbors, but must beg of the conductors of our Temperance papers, to throw by all bickerings and to engage manfully in the struggle, as to which can make the best paper and do the most good.

Messrs Phillips & Witherly have sent a bread making machine of neat construction to their Bakery, by which their bread is made of uniform size, at a great saving of labor.—The Navy department could not do better than give these men a good contract.

A large party of our citizens on Wednesday visited Pushaw Pond, and had a fine picknick upon one of the islands. There was some good speaking on the occasion.

A large Tunney or Horse Mackerel was taken in a wear in Belfast bay on Tuesday. He weighed 630 lbs. and was cured for the market. The flesh of this kind of fish resembles beef and is much admired by many. The editor of the Signal may send us a lump of it.

The August number of Graham's Magazine of Literature and art has been received at Bugbee's periodical depot. It is a good number of one of the first literary periodicals in the country.

Mr Reynolds, Agent of the State of Missouri, for the arrest of Joe Smith, expresses the opinion that he was foiled in his efforts to discharge the duty of his mission, by a combination between Mormonism and demagoguism.

We are glad to learn that Belfast is in a flourishing condition—its business improving and its prospects brightening.

We are requested to give notice that Mr. Woodman's Temperance Lecture this eve, will be at the Vestry of Rev. Mr. Pomroy's Church, instead of the Baptist Meeting House.

They have a bankrupt law in the Province of New Brunswick, and a great many are availing themselves of it about this time.

Messrs Hinckly & Egery have just completed a neat steam Engine, for a Tannery, of about eight horse power.

"J. D." is very good at guessing. His request shall be complied with to-morrow.

The delegates of the Mechanics association to the State Convention will meet at Mechanics Hall this evening.

We would call attention to the certificate of Rev. Mr. Warren, relative to Richardson's bitters, to be found in our columns.

Rogues and Burglers are getting to be as thick as mustard in Boston.

The Slave Case.  
The suit in the U. S. Circuit of Ohio, before Judge McLean, for the value of runaway slave, has been decided against the defendant, and a verdict rendered for \$1200. The suit was brought by Wharton, of Kentucky, against John Van Zandt of Ohio, to recover damages for harboring and concealing one of the plaintiff's slaves, found in the defendant's possession, who refused to deliver them up, and in the effort to seize them, one of them made his escape, and has not since been heard of.

"Do you doubt my courage?" said a butcher in a market, to a man with whom he disputed. "O, I admit" that you're a man of pluck.

Fitzgibbon is no longer an Agent of the State Association. We fear that he is unworthy of confidence, and consider it our duty to caution the temperance community against him.  
[W. M. Torrey.]

The people this way didn't need the caution. They had found him out before.  
[Belknap (N. H.) Gazette.]

At a meeting of the W. T. A. Society, held in the Washington Hall, January 13, 1843, the following preamble and resolutions were offered by Mr. W. Eastbrook, and unanimously adopted:

Whereas the Washington Total Abstinence Society of this city have hitherto been frequently censured for suffering members of their Society to go about as lecturers who are not duly authorized, without seasonably apprising the public that such is the fact—

Therefore, Resolved, That the clandestine manner in which Mr. W. E. Fitzgibbon left this city, after having received the confidence of the friends of Total Abstinence, was such that we feel it our duty to declare that we cannot recognize him as a worthy fellow laborer in the cause.

Resolved, That the name of Mr. W. E. Fitzgibbon be erased from the constitution of this Society—he having forfeited his membership by betraying the confidence by us reposed in him.

Resolved, That the Secretary cause a copy of the above resolutions to be transmitted to the Total Abstinence Societies, in the several towns in the county of Merrimack, N. H.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolutions be published in the Boston and Lowell Teetotaler, Concord Courier, and Keene Sentinel.

[Boston and Lowell Teetotaler.]

The grave and Reverend editor of the Maine Temperance Herald perpetrated the following puns in his last paper:

During a late thunder shower at New Haven, lightning struck a grocery—but on finding what a disputable place it had got into, it bolted, and was off like a streak.

Capt. Samuel Woodhouse of the U. S. Navy, died at Norfolk last week, and his funeral was attended on Tuesday by a number of officers of the army and Navy, and the corps of the Junior Artillerists and Philadelphia Greys. His remains were deposited in the burial ground of St. Peter's Church. Capt. Woodhouse belonged to Pennsylvania, and entered the Navy in 1801.

The New York Sandy Hill Herald says the wheat crop has not been as good in that section for many years, as at the present time. The weevil which has heretofore destroyed it, has entirely disappeared.

It is said that Bishop Doane of New Jersey, has issued a manifesto declaring his "unwavering confidence in Doctor Pusey's faithfulness to the standards of his Church, and his integrity as a Catholic Churchman."

An intelligent wool grower in Iowa, who for years was engaged in Vermont, at the business, says he can raise sheep in Iowa at a cost of 25 cents per head yearly, while in Vermont, the average cost per head was 75 cents.

The Boston Post can see nothing in the late appointments made by President Tyler that is censurable. Its mouth is now closed, and it is as docile as a lamb. When in the commencement of the administration a few Whigs were appointed to office in the places of men who had held offices for twelve years and had grown rich thereby, it paraded in its columns daily a picture of a guillotine, and had much to say about proscription, and all that sort of thing. But now when Mr. Tyler appoints Democrats to office in place of honest men, whose only crime is, that they will not prostitute their offices for party purposes, and gives the Post long and fat advertisements, this immaculate print is as silent as the grave. It has lost all its holy horror of "Tyler proscription," and if it opens its mouth upon the subject it is in its defence. For twelve years it was the recipient of Government patronage under the Jackson and Van Buren Administrations, and it has got its head into the crib again. So long as it can retain it there, we shall hear not a word about "Tyler proscription," and the guillotine picture will be hid from public gaze. The spoils have as potent an influence upon the political morals of the Post as the "Morrison Pills" do upon the human system.  
[Lowell Courier.]

A DISCOVERY OF AN ORIGINAL PICTURE BY REUBENS, has been recently made in England, says the Boston Transcript, under somewhat singular circumstances. At a sale of the effects of a deceased gentleman in Sheffield, a picture was put up in which there was no figure apparently discernible, but which, after some hesitation, was knocked down for 1s. 9d. It was afterwards purchased of the buyer for 5s. and the new possessor proceeded to wash it, which caused several of the figures to appear while wet. This led to a resolution to send it to London to be cleaned; and the old varnish being removed, it turned out to be a very fine old picture. It was returned to Sheffield with an offer of 160 guineas for it, and the bidders have since advanced to 350 guineas, at which price, however, it is not to be had. The picture consists of a fine female figure, standing upon a car drawn by a lion. One child nestles in her bosom, others cling to her robes, others follow her car, while one rides a lion. Several other round little ones, with cherub wings, fly about her. The style of the painting, and some other internal evidence, have satisfied several eminent connoisseurs that it is a genuine Reubens; and this is confirmed by an old etching of the picture, which is called "The Triumph of Christianity, by Reubens."

Boz's caricatures of our country are laughed over and stormed at according to the passages one meets with and the temper in which they are read. But we submit whether there is not food for reflection in the following passage upon the American love of money—

"All their cares, hopes, joys, affections, virtues, and associations, seemed to be melted down into dollars. Whatever the chance contributions that fell into the slow cauldron of their talk, they make the gruel thick and alab with dollars. Men were weighed by their dollars, measured gauged by their dollars; life was auctioneered, appraised, put up, and knocked down for its dollars. The next respectable thing to dollars was any venture having their attainment for its end. The more of that worthless ballast, honor and fair dealing, which any man could overboard from the ship of his Good Name and Good Intent, the more ample stowage room he had for dollars. Make commerce one huge lie and mighty theft. Deface the banner of the nation for an idle rag; pollute it star by star; and cut out stripes by stripes as from the arm of a degraded soldier. Do anything for dollars!"

By the Last Mails.

Late and Important from St. Thomas.  
The schooner William Allen arrived from St. Thomas yesterday with dates to the 8th instant. The intelligence from that place is alarming;—the yellow fever was raging with all its horrors among foreigners, principally English and Scotchmen, of whom there are a great many. Numbers are dying daily, and greater numbers leaving the Island. A very few of the natives died with the fever, although many were attacked. The number of deaths was increasing every day, and from appearances it was supposed that it would reach an alarming extent in a week or two. Business was consequently dull, and the markets glutted with American produce. Indigo was scarce, and commanded a high price. This is the only product of the Island that was scarce.  
[N. Y. Tribune.]

The St. John News, tells a wonderful story of the perils real and imaginary of a trip in the Penobscot from Boston to Eastport.—The night was dark and foggy, and a Schooner's bowsprit struck the wheel house which alarmed all on board the Schooner and boat—next a horrid yell in the gloomy night made the flesh quiver. It proved to be a fisherman who was near being run down. The fisherman advised the course of the boat to be changed. It was changed and after pursuing her way in conscious safety, there suddenly appeared an island directly ahead! It proved to be Seal Island off Machias. Amid all their perils nobody was half as much hurt as frightened.

Six or seven more buildings have been destroyed by fire at Lansingburgh, N. Y.

Still another attempt to fire the village was discovered on Monday morning, and the incendiary was arrested and lodged in jail.

The Schooner Essex, Kennebec packet, sailed from Boston on Tuesday for Kennebec, and was capsized in a squall off Cape Ann.—Three persons were on board, who were saved in a small boat which they had on deck. They returned to Boston on the Eastern Rail Road.

The French corvette La Brillante arrived at Pensacola on Wednesday, the 5th inst., from a fruitless cruise in search of information relative to the loss of the brig of war Dunois, in October last.

The Frontier Journal states that the house of Mr. Joseph B. Foss at Weston, was struck by lightning, and that the bedstead was shivered to pieces while Mr and Mrs Foss were upon the bed, and that they were unharmed.

From the Franklin Register.

RICHARDSON'S BITTERS.

THE following certificate of commendation from the Rev. E. R. WARREN, of the Baptist denomination, will be read with interest. Mr Warren's high standing as a moral and religious teacher, and his prominence as an advocate of Temperance, give a peculiar importance to his opinions thus generally expressed—

AUGUSTA, Me., July, 1842.

Dear Sir—It may be a matter of little importance that I should express an opinion respecting your valuable Bitters, being almost a stranger to you. I have been acquainted with them for more than five years, and have used them as a family medicine almost solely to the exclusion of other medicines.—They have been serviceable to my children in various complaints incident to them. The last season I found them highly useful in an instance of measles of the worst kind. Our three children were attacked with this violent disease about the same time, and two of them were very sick. We did not have a physician, but I administered the bitters freely, which had the speedy effect to bring out the measles, and although the fever was very high, which attended them they did well. From this successful experiment of their use in this and other cutaneous diseases with which our family have been afflicted, I am prepared cheerfully to recommend them as a safe family medicine. In the spring of the year, in the case of jaundice and headache, with which I have been sorely afflicted, I have found them a curative. I consider them valuable especially in that dangerous season of the year.

Very respectfully,  
A fresh supply of Dr. S. O. Richardson's bitters just received by all the Agents.  
July 28 3rd w3w

MARRIED.

In Calais, Mr James Cooper to Miss Susanna Cavort. In East Machias, Mr John Hathaway Jr. to Miss Mary Hunscom.

DIED.

In Calais, 23d inst. of consumption, Mr Josiah Plagg, aged about 35 years.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

At Boston 25th, scho H B Foster, Foster, Machias; Targala, Hardy, Buckport; Mary Jane, Sturdivant, hence; Arcot, Emerson, Addison.  
At Newport 23d, sch Alpine, French, hence for E Greenleaf.  
At Providence 23d, sch Pavilion, Colcord, hence; 24th, Calcutnia, Combs, do.  
At New Bedford 23d, sch Penicela, Black, hence; At Holmes's Hole 23d, brig W P Walker, hence for Providence; sch Jane, Hampden for Pawtucket.  
At Guaymas abt 6th inst, brig Martha Ann, of and for Machias, 4 days, on Am vessel.  
At Mayaguez abt 1st inst. brig Relief, Strout, waiting cargo.

MINIATURE PAINTING.

W. L. TORREY,

No. 16 East Market Place,..... Bangor, OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Bangor as a MINIATURE PAINTER. He has opened rooms in East Market Place adjoining to and opposite the Lafayette Banking room. His success in other places and the skill he hopes to display here he trusts will give entire confidence to all who may wish to avail themselves of a correct and life-like likeness of their own person or that of their cherished friends.  
His paintings are all of one style and one price, and such as is believed will be satisfactory to all who can appreciate the beauties of the art.  
The public are invited to visit his rooms and examine his specimens.  
Bangor, July 28, 1843—d4wtf

MAGAZINES FOR AUGUST.

GRAHAM'S Magazine, and Lady's Book for August, with elegant embellishments, received and for sale by  
JULY 28 SMITH & FENNO.

TEETH BRUSHES.

A GOOD assortment, for sale by  
JULY 28 SMITH & FENNO.

THERMOMETERS.

A N assortment of English THERMOMETERS graduated to 90 below zero—warranted correct, for sale by  
JULY 28 SMITH & FENNO.

PEN HOLDERS.

A NEW supply of the Patent Pen-Holders, at a reduced price, received by  
JULY 28 SMITH & FENNO.

FARMING LAND IN NEW YORK.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, 100 lots of rich and valuable farming land, lying in the town of Brasher in the County of St. Lawrence, and State of New York. This land is about five miles from the St. Lawrence river, and is a tract about 8 miles long and 2 miles wide. It is surrounded by good cultivated farms, and there are villages and mills in the immediate neighborhood of every part of it.  
The lots will be sold to good farmers only. Persons desirous of purchasing, are requested to apply before the 10th of September.  
T. P. CHANDLER, No. 4 Court-st.  
Boston, July 28, 1843—law3t w3w

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree and order of the Honorable ASHUR WARE, Judge of the District Court of the United States for Maine District, will be sold at Public Auction to the highest bidder, on WEDNESDAY the 16th day of August next, at the office of PILLBURY & SANDFORD in Bangor, at ten o'clock A. M. all the effects and estates of THOMAS JENNESS in Bankruptcy, viz:—The right of redeeming an undivided twentieth of a lot of land and buildings on Third street in Bangor, and also one undivided sixteenth of another lot on same street, both formerly T. G. Brown's and bid off by said Jenness at a Collector's sale for taxes. Also his interest in a lot of land in Hampden near to and adjoining the dwelling house of Jotham S. Crosby in Bangor, and same which was set off on execution vs said Crosby, containing about 1/4 of an acre.  
Also one undivided half of a lot of land in Brewer and same deeded by H. N. Page, August 6, 1840, to said Jenness.

Also another lot in said Brewer containing about 5000 square feet, and same deeded to Jenness & March by John Holyoke. The interest of the Bankrupt in the above is mortgaged to Richard Jenness. The right of redeeming certain household furniture.

The interest of the Bankrupt in a receipt of R. Jenness, whereby he holds certain demands and claims as collateral security.

Sundry notes, executions and claims against sundry individuals.  
1 gold watch—3 rings—1 bosom pin.  
24 Nos. Ladies' Companion—24 Parley's Magazine.

Pew No. 17 in the Hammond street Church. Schedules may be seen on application to the Assignee, who is authorised to compound debts and claims due.

Said property will be sold subject to any and all rights of set off, mortgage, liens and liabilities, and all equities existing between the parties; and in the sale the interest only that said Bankrupt's Estate has in the same will be transferred. The Assignee will in no case be held responsible for costs where his name is used in the collection of debts and claims.  
MOSES L. APPLETON, Assignee.  
Bangor, July 28, 1843.

AUGUST, 1843.

LADY'S BOOK for August; Graham's Magazine do; Alison No. 11; Pictorial Bible published in cheap style, Nos from 1 to 5 received; Also the Biblical Cabinet, first 5 Nos just rec'd at E. F. DUREN's School Book Depository, No. 3 Smith's Block. July 27

LOOKING GLASS & PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.

FAIRBANKS & HOLLAND,

PEARSON'S MILLS,.....BANGOR.

THE public are informed that we have established a manufactory for making LOOKING GLASS, PORTRAIT AND PICTURE FRAMES of all sizes and varieties. We have set up suitable machinery in all the branches of the business by which much labor is saved and the price of these rich and beautiful articles is greatly reduced, so that a fine article may now take the place of coarse and ill looking ones, and at as low a price. Large and elegant O G and bevel frames, and small bevel frames with rich mahogany veneer are manufactured in such quantities that we are prepared to answer, at short notice, all orders at WHOLESALE, by the hundred or thousand, at prices that cannot but be satisfactory to dealers.

New frames fitted to Portraits, Looking Glasses or Pictures, or new glasses furnished and fitted to old frames.  
\* Dealers supplied with frames either with or without glasses.

N. B. Orders respectfully solicited for single frames or by the dozen; and as this is a new branch of Home Manufacture to any extent, we trust the public will be ready to encourage and support the enterprise.

For the convenience of our city friends, orders for frames of any kind may be left at the Hardware store of DAVID MOSMAN on East Market Place. Bangor, July 26, 1843—d4wtf

HAY.

20 TONS first quality Pressed Hay, for sale by July 21 W. A. BLAKE.

NOTICE---CASTINE HOUSE.

THE Subscriber has removed to the house formerly occupied by Dr. Mann, where he has opened under the same name as formerly. Any person visiting the healthy and pleasant village of CASTINE, either for business or pleasure, will do him a favor by calling, and he pledges himself to do every thing he can for their comfort. Parties accommodated by giving suitable notice.  
BENJ. ROBINSON.  
Castine, July 25, 1843—w6w 3ta3w3d

\$5 REWARD.

WHEREAS, several young trees have recently been destroyed, and other damage done within the enclosure of St. John's church, five dollar reward will be paid by the subscriber for any information that may lead to the conviction of the trespasser.  
JOHN MCINTYRE.  
July 25, 1843—1w 11 City Point Block.

TAPIOCA AND SAGO.

A FEW barrels of very nice TAPIOCA for sale very low; also a fine lot of SAGO. by July 26 G. W. LADD.

OATS, PORK, &c.

2000 BUSHELS Oats; 25 bbls Pork; Bbls Lined Oil; Kegs White Lead; for sale by July 25 W. A. BLAKE.

SHEETINGS.

10 BALES Sheetings, Drillings, Prints, Tickings and Shirtings, by July 25 W. A. BLAKE, No. 2 Broad-st.

CORN AND FLOUR.

2100 BUSHELS North River Corn; 400 bbls Genesee Flour; this day landing, and for sale by SIDNEY THAXTER, No. 4 City Point July 25—3t

HISTORY

OF the Westminster Assembly of Divines, for sale by July 24 E. F. DUREN.

CENSUS, 1840.

IN a convenient form, for sale by July 24 E. F. DUREN.

EUROPEAN LEECHES.

A FRESH lot of German Leeches, just received July 22 G. W. LADD.

FRESH

STRAINED Honey, for sale by July 22 G. W. LADD.

GROCERIES.

20 BOXES Tobacco; 20 boxes Tea; 15 bags Coffee; 10 boxes Sugar; 100 kegs Nails, by July 21 W. A. BLAKE



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